# ANOTHER MOVE

Anti-Saloon League was shown at yes-

Anti-Saloon League was shown at yester day's session, when Speaker Byrd moved to dismiss the bill reported by the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and over which that committee has worked for more than a month. The cause of this remarkable situation arises in the fact that because of the growth of population in the cities, they are given larger representation in the General Assembly. This is viewed with alarm by those who desire to have prohibition legislation passed, and they will endeavor to retain the present lines, regardless of the necessary inequalities which have grown up within the past ten years. grown up within the past ten years tion in some sections and decrease

in others.

Helped by Others.

Aside from the prohibition matter, the movement to stand pat and make no changes is supported by representatives from counties which have greater representation than that to which they are entitled on a population basis, and which desire to retain their pressing.

tion basis, and which desire to retain their prestige.

Those who stand for a real redistricting will, in the debate to-day, point to the mandate of the Constitution which says, in section 43: "The apportionment of the State into Senate and House districts, made by the act of the General Assembly, approved April 2, 1962, is hereby adopted: but a reapportionment may be made in the year 1966, and shall be made in the year 1912, and every tenth year thereafter."

Leaving all districts as they stand

made in the year 1906, and shall be made in the year 1912, and every tenth year thereaster."

Leaving all districts as they stand for the next ten years would give Hichmond, for instance, only five members of the House, when on an average it is entitled to more than six. It would give Wise and Dickenson with 42,351 people and a rapidly growing population, one delegate, and would leave Appomatiox, with 8,504 people and a decreasing population, with just the same representation—one member. Prince William county would have one member with 12,625 people, and Norfolk city, with 50,600 people since the recent annexation, with two, or 40,000 for each.

Speaker Byrd temporarily withdrew his motion to dismiss, but it is understood he will renew it to-day. Officers of the Anti-Saloon League reprince on the floor of the House yesterday for the first time during the session, watching the priceedings. The Privileges and Elections Company in the Privileges and Elections Company in the Privileges and Elections Company in the showed that population justified the increase. He presented the figures in every instance, Judge Martin Williams and other countenance any stand-pat policy, and will stand for a reapportlonment based on population, according to the Constitution. The fight to-day, beginning at noon is likely to be close and exciting.

Alleged Primary Hill Passes.

Pronounced "eminently harmiess" the Byrd-Featherston primary bill was a wassed by the Senate According to the convention escential Chartsnoors. The median provides of the flowing bowl.

Speaker and Aubrey G. Weaver asked questions of Subchairman Oliver, of the Privileges and Elections Committee, to indicate that the reapportionment has been fixed so as to give dominance to certain cities in the senaterial districts, but he showed that oppulation justified the increase. He presented the figures in every instance, Judge Martin Williams and other than entirely fa-to-the firm of the first time during the present of the flowing bowl.

Button Shoes Hust "Ge."

Atlanta,

ced "eminently harmless" the Byrd-Featherston primary bill was passed by the Senate According its advocates, every feature designed to improve conditions and to purify primary elections has been eliminated. indifference

and it is a matter of indifference whether or not its passes.

However, a victory was won in the Senate for the West anti-fee bill, which by a nearly unanimous vote was carried. It will be considered by the House Finance Committee at 9 o'clock this morning. It simply requires officers who are paid entirely or in part by fees to keep a record of the amounts they receive. This record is to be used in future years as a basis on which to calculate the adjustment of all offices on a salary basis. Senator West's victory was rather unexpected.

It is probable, however, that if the It is probable, however, that if the bill passes the House, it will be shorn of the feature requiring justices of the peace and other minor officials to keep the records. It is not believed that they should be included, since the presence of this item in the bill will not add to the information really desired, and is calculated to arouse op-

Divorce Matters Discussed.

The House of Delegates defeated an fiort made by Hill Montague to secure n amendment to the Senate divorce all permitting courts to take public settlement in contraction. testimony in open court in divorce cases. Considerable debate was aroused and the action was evidently caused by the piec of Judge Williams that the scandalous details of divorce

that the scandalous details of divorce suits should not be given to the public. The Senate bill requiring notice of suits to be mailed to the last known sideress of the defendant was passed.

The House also defeated the Featherston bill to prevent untrue, misleading and deceptive advertising. The United States government, it was pointed out, publishes misleading advertising matter to secure recruits for its army and navy. It would be putting too much power in the hands of courts, it was said, to judge what was or was not misleading advertising. or was not misleading advertising. The final death of the Throckmorton

(Continued on Third Page)

FOR PROHIBITION

FOR PROHIBITION

FOR PROHIBITION

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.)

Serlin, March 5.—Germany's plans to create a state monopoly in petroleum, as forecast in The Times-Dispatch Berlin, dispatches a fortnight ago, are confirmed in to-night's Tageblatt, which announces that the government is considering the nationalization of not only petroleum, but also spirits, which announces that the government is considering the nationalization of not only petroleum, but also spirits, and superior only petroleum, or also spirits, and superior only petroleum, but also spirits

City of New York Asked to Provide

Size for Monument to Great Virginian.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

New York, March 3.—Another stride forward wag made to-day in the movement to erect in this city a suitable memorial to Thomas Jefferson, for which purpose Joseph Pulitzer left \$25,000 as the nucleug of a fund. There was introduced in the Board of Aldermen a resolution requesting the park commissioner, with the Art Commission's approval, to set aside as a site for the memorial a section of City Hall Park, now occupied by a fountain which is unused for the greater part of each year. If the greater part of each year. If the greater part of each year. If the memorial will be placed on the site meantioned. Thus, when the old post-office is removed, ag the Federal government intends it shall be, the memorial, standing directly in front of the City Hall, will be in plain view as far down Broadway as Fution Street, Many of those interested say the site is an admirable one.

Alderman Smith desired that the resolution be passed at once, but Alderman Folks, lander of the Republication.

# Schmitz Acquitted.

San Francisco, Cal., March 5.—Por-mer Mayor Eugene E. Schmitz was ac-quitted in Judge Lawler's court her-to-day of the charge of having brided

## Clark Calls Gilchrist Little Pinhead Governor

Washington, March 5.—Rising in his place on the floor of the House of Representatives to-day, Repre-sentative Clark, of Florida, made a sensational attack on Goternor Glichrist, of that State, in the House.

a sensational attack on Governor Glichrist, of that State, in the House.

Governor Glichrist arrived to Washington last night to testify in the Florida everglades investigation. In a purported interview printed to-day. Mr. Clark said the Governor expressed his "surprise" at the attitude of a Florida representative in this matter.

Mr. Clark said he had been prompted to start the inquiry because of the operations of "conscienceless land sharks" in miscrepresenting such lands. "It remains for the Governor of Florida—God pity the State!"—he said, "to travel all the way from Tallahansee to Washington to insinuate that now. I am working in the interests of the Western railroads. I brand that as a mulicious, gratuitious and unqualified falsehood."

Mr. Clark said that Mr. Gilchrist, hefore he was elected Governor, had made a business of land exploitations.

"It is the conduct of conscience-less land sharks," he said, "that I'm trying to balk for the honor of my State and yet the Governor of my State says that in attucking the State of Florida. If that is so, God help Florida!"

Referring to Governor Glichrist.

Floridis!"
Referring to flovernor Guehrlet as "this little pinhead Governor,"
Mr. Clinck said he rested his case with the people of his own district and felt certain of the result. He was applicated as he took his sent.

# STATE MONOPOLY Germany Plans to Take Over Petroleum. Spirits, Potash and Matches. (Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.) Berlin, March 5.—Germany's plans to create a state monopoly in petroleum. create a state monopoly in petroleum. as forecast in The Times-Dispatch Jerlin dispatches a fortnight ago, are

Commissioner of Police Senator Dixon Chal- Not a "Candidate", but of Lawrence Don't Know Why.

# MRS. TAFT ATTENDS | McKINLEY SENDS STRIKE HEARING

Woman Striker Testifies That President's Campaign Manager Soldier Stopped Her With Bayonet and Swore at Her. She Was Arrested and Fined Ten Dollars for Assault.

Washington, March 5 .- C. F. Lynch commissioner of public safety at Joseph M. Dixon, chairman of the condicting statements as to what he Lawrence, Mass., who has charge of Roosevelt executive committee, to-day had said in the past in regard to the Lawrence, Mass., who has charge of the police department there, to-day the police department there, to-day to the presidential nomination, Colonel Roosevelt to the test by means of primaries in the mill strike in that city, that he did not know by what authority of law women with babies in arms had been taken to the police station after the riot at the depot. Under questioning by Representative Stanley, Lynch as aid none of the parents of the children had appealed to him against their being taken away, but he understood from one of his police captains that all of the police at the test of the Roosevelt executive compared to the presidential nomination, Colonel Roosevelt to-day made public a letter which Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey, the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey the publisher. Colonel Roosevelt in the wrote last January to Frank A. Munsey the wrote last January to ithe milit strike in that city, that did not know by what authority of law women with babies in arms had been taken to the police station after the riot at the depot. Under questioning by Representative Stanley, Lynch said none of the parents of the children had appealed to him against their being taken away, but he understood from one of his police captains that all of them did not have permission to leave.

"Director McKinley to-night sent a letter to Senator Dixon series at all letter to Senator Dixon series achairman of the Roosevelt, and also asking it Senator Dixon were acting as chairman of the Roosevelt executive committee, either by selection or authority of the Colonel.

Senator Dixon's letter was as follows:

"Wy Dear Mr. McKinley:

"Why Dear Mr. McKinley:

"Where not in jail."

"Yes, I saw them there, but they were not in jail."

"Yes, I saw them there, but they were not in jail."

"They were they restrained? Weren't they free to go if they wanted to?"

"They were brought there to be held until their cases had been disposed of."

"They were brought there by the police then, and did you ask any of police then, and did you ask any of the colored the proposed of."

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"They were brought there to be held until their cases had been disposed of."
They were brought there by the police then, and did you ask any of the mothers whether they were incerated because they had tried to keep their children from being kidnapped or because they tried to send them away?"

REJECT MINERS' DEMANDS

Coal Operators Refuse Increase of Pay.
Coal Prices Go Upward.

New York, March 5.—The anthractic coal miners' demands for increased pay, recognition of the union, a shorter working day and other changes were unanimously rejected this afternoon by forty-seven operators. The operators adjourned sine die after appointing a committee to accumint the United Mine Workers of America with their decistration of the operators with their decistration of the operators. The operators active countries was clothed with full Dus committee was clothed with full pus committee was clothed with full maked and strict of the price of coal. The operators was course would be suggested, After that in now saying he will accept it fit it comes to him as the demand of the voters of the fact that Colonel Rooseveit has active candidate for the nomination.

See was the demand of the voters of the country hour was an internal published in the message with their decision and will formulate its reply Mondal work of the operators will be not the miners will be no general strike of the 15c,000 men in the Pennsylvania fields affected by the decision, he said, but the operators and was a popular demand.

None of the miners' will be no general strike of the 15c,000 men in the Pennsylvania fields affected by the decision, he said, but the operators and was a popular demand.

None of the miners' will be no general strike the operators that there will be no general strike to the 15c,000 men in the Pennsylvania fields affected by the decision, he said, but the operators and was a popular demand.

None of the cluy and its cuvirons during the day. Wholesale and retail dealers were swamped with orders, was in the clit the price of coal wert up in many sections of the clity and its cuvirons during the

Negroes for the Colonel.

Talladega, Ala., March 5.—A small number of delegates to the Fourth District Republican Convention to-day left the hall, and it is understood they will send a contesting Roosevelt delegation to Chicago, on the ground that they were not given proper recognition to-day. The boiters were nearly all negroes.

Underwood Opens Hendquarters, Atlanta, Ga., March 5.—State head-ouncters for the campaign of Oscar W. Underwood, of Alabama, for the Pem-ocratic nomination for President, were opened here to-day.

lenges Taft to a Primary.

# CUTTING REPLY

Demands to Know by What Authority Dixon Sends Challenge, and Rings in Deadly Thrust of "Third

Washington, March 5.—Senator

choose the candidate with the greates popular strength.

or because they tried to send them away?"

No. 1 did not," replied Lynch.
Didn't Know the Law.

"By what warrant were those mothers and children there."

"I did not know what the law was to the mothers or not," replied Lynch.
The child strikers who were brought on before the committee to testify in lits hearings on the two congressional thons at Lawrence concluded their testimony to-day, and members of the citizens' committee of Lawrence were heard.

Mrs. William H. Taft attended the hearing and gave close attention to testimony of the riot at the state.

Max Bogatin, of Philadelphia, a wither the sidewalk.

Women arrested in the riot, he said, had been fined \$1 for blocking the sidewalk.

George Erower, Jr., a Boston attorney a preserving for the collection and collecting appearance of doubt can be effected the strong made for primaries, and adds:

"We ought to have a free and voluntary expression of the voters who will carry the believe whe will carry the believe she ought to have a free and voluntary expression of the time to find out what the voters want is before the nonificates. "The time to find out what the voters want is before the nonification is made rather than afterward. It will be too late after the convention is held."

Senator Dixon states that the Republican National Committee was not lustified in leaving the primary question of the action of the States.

"In every State and district in the Union proper arrangements can be made and effectively carried out," he says, "for securing a free and voluntary expression of the will of the Republican voters. If it cannot be done by a State-wide primary which would be preferable, it can be arranged for districts, under the supervision of proper committees."

The letter calls attention to the various States where arrangements have been or are being made for primaries, and adds:

"With your co-operation similar arrangements and debatics."

With your co-operation similar arrangements on doubt can be effected.

had been fined \$1 for blocking the sidewalk.

George Erower, Jr., a Boston attorney appearing for the strike committee, declared he had difficulty in getting court officials to show him complaints against the children.

Josephine Liss, a striker, testified that when she went out for a walk a soldler stopped her with a bayonet and swore at her. Then she struck him with her must and was arrested for assault, locked up and fined \$10. On another occasion, she testified, she had seen a woman struck on the head by a policeman with a club and had seen men beaten until their heads were covered with blood.

REJECT MINERS' DEMANDS

been or are being made for primaries, and adds:

"With your co-operation similar arrangements no doubt can be effected in all other States where Legislatures are not now considering the enactment of presidential preference primary question is awaiting lesislative action the induser of men who are working with muscle of men who are working with me in such States no doubt would result in the enactment of these laws and the considerable spread thereby of the presidential preference primary under direct legal sanction by the State.

Popular Demand:

"Let me call your addidate for the nomination, but will accept it if it comes to him

The Times-Disputch will receive subscriptions to the Thomas Jefferton Memorial Fund, will print the unmes of the subscribers and forward the amount received to the treasurer of the fund in New York. Address Thomas Jefferson Momorial Fund, The Times-Disputch, Richmand, Va.

Feels He Is Republican Moses.

## EAGERLY READY FOR SACRIFICE

Colonel Is Hurt at Cruel Attacks of His Enemies-Pictures Himself as Noble Patriot, Ready to Die for His Oppressed People-Will Die for Country.

To every man I talked to," said Colonel Roosevelt, "I made in substance that same statement, and I made it in literally hundreds of letters."

The portion of the Munsey letter to which the Colonel called particular attention follows:

The Letter.

"I entirely agree with you as to the fact that my situation is deliberately misrepresented by my enemies, with the purpose of confusing good people and getting them to take a wrong view; and, moreover, I entirely agree with you that this purpose is at least partly achieved. The trouble is that, as so often happens, this is a case where any course pursued would lead to fust such misrepresentation; just such mispingment; just such puzzling of the minds of good people. Personally, I think that any other course than the one I am adopting would lead to more misrepresentation and misjudgment than actually exist. As I have again and again said, I am delighted to state my postion fully and frankly, not only to any sincero and honest supporter, but to any sincere and honest supporter, but to any sincere and honest opponent. What I have said to you, and am about to say to you, I have, for instance, said not only to other friends who think I ought to be nominated, but to friends (and even foes), who think I ought not to be nominated, but to friends (and even foes), who think I ought not to be nominated, but to friends (and even foes), who think I ought not to be nominated, but to friends (and even foes), who think I ought not to be nominated, but to friends (and even foes), who think I ought to be nominated, but to friends (and even foes), who think I ought to be nominated, but to friends (and even foes), who think I ought to be a candidate. I shall not seek the nomination, nor would I accept it if it came to me as the result of an intrigue. But I will not tie my hands by a statement which would make it difficult or impossible for me to serve the public by

my hands by a statement which would make it difficult or impossible for me to serve the public by undertaking a great task if the people as a whole seemed definitely to come to the conclusion the I ought to do that task. In oth, words, as far as in me. Has I am purely from the stands public interest, or the interest of

public interest, or the interest of the people as a whole, and not in the least from my own standpoint.

Utterly Abborrent to Him.

"If I should consult only my own pleasure and interest I should most emphatically and immediately announce that I would under no circumstances run. I have had all the honor that any man can have from holding the office of President. From every personal standpoint there is nothing for me to gain either in running for the office or in holding the office once mare, and there is very much to lose."

"I ghall not follow this yourse."

chall not follow this course, "I ghail not follow this course, because I am sincerely endeavoring to look at the matter only from the standpoint of the popular interest. It is not only necessary for the people to have the right instrument, the right tool, with which to work in any given emergency, but it is necessary that they themselves shall choose, and shall believe in the sufficiency they themselves shall choose, and shall believe in the sufficiency of that instrument. If, at this particular crisis, with the par-ticular problems ahead of us at ticular problems aliend of us at this particular time, the people feel that I am the one man in sight to do the job, then I should regard myself as shirking a plain duty if I refused to do it.

duty if I refused to do it.

Willing to Die Politically.

"What I am interested in, remember, is not in the least holding the office, but doing a job that is actually worth doing; this is the position that to the best of my belief I have always taken and always shall take, if the people should feel that I was the Instrument to be used at this time, I should accept even, although I knew that I should be broken and cast aside in the using. The right motto for any man is 'spend and be spent,' and if, in order to do a job worth doing from the public job worth doing from the public standpoint he must pay with his (Continued on Second Page.)

\$47.88 TO CALIFORNIA.

Arizona, New Mexico, Mexico, until April

14. Tourist sleeper personally conducted
without change five times weekly. Berth

19. Washington-Suncet Route, 977 E. Main,

Steel Officials Answer Government, and Deny All Charges.

Ne wyork, March 5.—The United States Steel Corporation and other defendants made public to-day an answer to the Federal government's petition for a permanent injunction to prevent the destruction of books and papers which might be used as evidence in the invent. vent the destruction of books and papers which might be used as evi-dence in the investigation of the af-fairs of the steel corporation. The answer denies the allegation of the government that papers of the American Steel and Wir: Company, which can Steel and Wire Company, which were destroyed last fall, would have shown that J. A. Farrell, now president of the United States Steel Corporation, aided or abetted in the operation of the wire pool for which many officers of the "wire trust" were fined, disclaims any attempt to concal or suppress from the government any papers or documents bearing upon the conduct of the steel, business, and declares absolutely without ground the "imputation" that any of the defendants are about to destroy or likely to destroy pertinent papers, or that a injunction is necessary for their preservation.

## LEAVE MEXICO

American Women and Children Reach El Paso.—Menneed by Bandits. El Paso, Tex., March 5.—One hundred and fifty Americans, mostly women and and afty Americans, mostly women and children from the American lumbering town of Madera, to-day were brought into El Paso by the Mexican North-western Railroad from Pearson, their first stopping place after leaving Ma-dera.

first stopping place after leaving Madera.

With the exception of a small hospital staff at Pearson, every American woman and child in the towns of Madera and Pearson, Mexico, is on United States soil. These assert that for weeks they practically have been isolated and living in a state of terror. With neither wire nor train communication and with malls demoralized they have been cut off completely from the outside world and almost constantly have been menaced by marauding bands. Business at Madera, they declare, is paralyzed. The refugees say that they came to the United States in response to President's Taft's proclamation.

# DEMANDS RESIGNATION

Mississippi Legislature Adopts Resolution Demanding Percy's Resignation Jackson Miss. March 5.—A joint resolution demanding the resignation of United States Senator Leroy Percy was adopted by both houses of the Mississippi Legislature to-day. The resolution recties an alleged promise of Percy to resign if he should be defeated in the Democratic primary election of last summer. Former Governor James K. Vardaman won the nomination over Percy in the primary.

Will Not Discuss Resolution.

Washington, March 5.—Senator Percy to-night had not received the Mississippi Legislature's resolution calling for his resignation, and did not care to talk about it. A few weeks ago in the Senate he bitmyly attacked Senator-Elect Vardaman, his successor, and repeated a former declaration that he would resign when the Legislature convened.

Sentator-Elect Vardaman, his successor, and repeated a former declaration that he would resign when the Legislature convened.

Strike Declared Off.

Augusta, Ga. March 5.—Announcement was made to-night that the strike declared by white stemen of the Charleston and Western Carolina Railway February 22 was officially ealled off. Vesterday afternoon a committee representing the striking firement and application to General Managor A. W. Anderson for reinstatement on their old runs, which was denied them on the ground that every place on the strike, and two-thirds were recorded against it.

Church Elders Stump for Clark.
Chicago, March 5.—E. E. Campbell, political manager for Speaker Chamb Clark in Illinois, has sent these four elders of the Christian Church, of which Speaker Clark is a member, to do stump speaking for Clark in Sans. R. S. Hill, of Indiana; Creighton S. Brooks, Portsmouth, O.; J. D. H. Smith, Oklahoma Clty, and F. A. Mayfield, of St. Louis.

Son Burn to Astors.

(Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch). London, March 5.—Mrs. Waldorf Aztor, formerly Mirs Nannie Langhorne, of Richmond, Va., gave birth to a son to-day. Her first child, a daughter was born at Clived March 23, 1900; She was married to Mr. Astor, who is member of Parliament for Plymouth in 1996.

Put Out Eyes of Forty Christian Chinese Converts

Peking, March 5.—A letter from a missionary at Hwang-Histon, near Chil-Fu, received here to-day, sintesting the large of the circus, and then beheaded them, saying the large of the circus, and the were maintally rebeis, large the large of the circus, and the circus of the circus of the same por oboly will form themselves in the provided by Theorem of the large of the rivers in Southern China, owing to the British part of the

Peking, March 5.—A letter from a missionary at Hwang-lision, near Chi-Fu, received here to-day, states that the imperial troops but out the eyes of forty Christian converts and then beheaded them, saying that they were naturally rebels. Heads still hang warningly on tripods here, and there in the streets, although some of the hodies have been removed and buried. Chin-Ting-Fu, about forty miles to the southwest of Peking, was added yesterday to the list of piness which have been looted and burned. No details have reached here, but it is thought there need he no fear for the foreigners, because the multineers are observing the same rule of not touching strangers.

Parties of muthaeers returned here to-day, intending to resume looting. They were arrested and decapitatied.

A private telegram says that 2,000 troops mutinied at Kiu-Kiang, in the Yangtae Valley, and looted the fown. French and Japanese troops have been dispatched by special train from Pao-Ting-Fu to bring hack their compatriots.

# OF NEW REPUBLIC

Officials Will Be Guarded by 2,000 Veteran Troops.

# U. S. GUNBOATS PROCEED TO TAKU

Looting and Bloodshed Continue, Assassinations Are of Frequent Occurrence, and Corpses Are Daily Seen Floating in the Rivers.

Nanking, China, March 5.—In an effort to restore order and inaugurate a stable government as soon as possible, it is understood that Dr. Sun Yat Sen and his advisers have decided to go stable government as soon as possible, it is understood that Dr. Sun Yat Sen and his advisers have decided to go to Peking Ind make that city—for the present at least—the capital of the new republic. This step is regarded as advisable on account of the mutinous spirit ovinced by the troops in the vicinity of Peking and the general unrest there.

The plans which are now being prepared provide for the early removal of the entire official machinery of the republic. Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the acting President, and Li Yuan-Heng, the Vice—President, will be accompanied by all the members of the Cabinet and by the assembly.

The officials will be guarded by 2,000 veteran troops and picked bodyguards of ninety men.

It is believed here that the removal of the seat of government to Peking will of itself restore order there. The formal establishment of the new government and the inauguration of Yuan Shi Kai as President will be undertaken immediately.

Dr. Sun Yat Sen is confident that affairs in Nanking will remain peaceful in the meantime.

Official announcement of the removal to Peking will probably be withheld until the return here of the four Southern delegates, who have been in consultation with Yuan. It is understood that Yuan is in fayor of the move.

Japanese Troops Expected.

Japanese Troops Expected.

Tientsin, China. March 5.—Two United States gunboats have been ordered to proceed from Yangtze to Taku, at the mouth of the Peiho, thirty miles to the southeast of this city. Three battalions of Japanese roops are expected to arrive here tonight to reinforce the international garrison.

The German troops which have been acting as a protective force along the railroad between Peitang and Eangshan, on the line of Tientsin to Chin Wang Tao, have been withdrawn to Tientsin, as it is considered by the foreign commandants that stronger forces than are at present available here are required.

As the Peiho is now open to traffic the railroad guards between Tientsin and Shen Mai Evan with the March March Strong of the Peiho is now open to traffic the railroad guards between Tientsin and Shen Mai Evan with March Strong of the March March

As the Peiho is now open to traffic the railroad guards between Tientsin and Shan Hai Kwan on the Manchurian border are no longer essential for the preservation of communication between Peking and the sea.

Reports persist in Chinese circles that a body of native troops is advancing on Tientsin, but no confirmation of the rumor has been obtained. The city generaly is quict, but decapitations take place daily. Many of the shops have put up signs reading: "Aiready looted; now empty."

take entire charge of the rivers in Southern China, owing to the British River gunboat Sandpiper, being fired on recently by pirates

1,000 Killed.

Wei Hai Wel, Chinn, March 5.—It is estimated that 1,000 people were killed in the course of the tecent fighting between the Republicans and the Villagers outside the British concession here. The Republicans troops are now in complete control of the situation.

Coalition Cabinet Expected. Washington March 5.—The result of the consent of Dr. Sun Vat Sen. Pro-visional President of China to the retention of the capital of China at Peking will be the establishment of a coalition Cabinet, as well as making, that city the headquarters of the Re-publican army and of the assembly which has been in sosalon at Nanking.